

WiSE 23/24 ALGEBRAIC TOPOLOGY I
EXERCISE SHEET 7 (DUE DECEMBER 8)

Exercise 7.1 (π_0 of simplicial sets). If X is a simplicial set, the set $\pi_0(X)$ is defined to be the coequalizer of the pair

$$d_0, d_1: X_1 \rightrightarrows X_0.$$

- (a) Show that $\pi_0(X) \cong \pi_0(|X|)$.
- (b) For A an abelian group, show that there is an isomorphism $H_0(X, A) \cong \bigoplus_{\pi_0(X)} A$.
- (c) Show that the functor $\pi_0: \mathbf{sSet} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$ is left adjoint to the functor $c: \mathbf{Set} \rightarrow \mathbf{sSet}$ sending a set S to the constant simplicial set $[n] \mapsto S$; that is, there is a natural transformation $\eta: \text{id}_{\mathbf{sSet}} \rightarrow c \circ \pi_0$ inducing bijections

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathbf{Set}}(\pi_0(X), S) \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathbf{sSet}}(X, c(S)), \quad f \mapsto c(f) \circ \eta_X.$$

Exercise 7.2 (π_1 and group completion). Let C be a small category. Recall that the *nerve* of C is the simplicial set

$$N(C): \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}, \quad [n] \mapsto \text{Hom}_{\mathbf{Cat}}([n], C).$$

- (a) Construct a functor $\varphi_C: C \rightarrow \Pi_1(|N(C)|)$ sending objects and morphisms to the corresponding vertices and edges in $|N(C)|$.

Let M be a monoid and let \mathbf{BM} be the category with a single object $*$, whose endomorphism monoid is M . In this case, $N(\mathbf{BM})$ is also called the *bar construction* on M .

- (b) Show that $\varphi_{\mathbf{BM}}$ exhibits $\pi_1(|N(\mathbf{BM})|, *)$ as the group completion of M ; that is, for every group G , every monoid homomorphism $M \rightarrow G$ factors uniquely through $\varphi_{\mathbf{BM}}: M \rightarrow \pi_1(|N(\mathbf{BM})|, *)$.

Hint. Compute π_1 using Exercises 6.2, 3.2, and 4.1.

Exercise 7.3 (Homology of simplicial sets). Compute the homology groups of the following simplicial sets ($n \geq 0$):

- (a) $\Delta[n]/\partial\Delta[n]$
- (b) $\Delta[1]/\partial\Delta[1] \times \Delta[1]/\partial\Delta[1]$
- (c) $\Delta[n]$
- (d) $\partial\Delta[n]$

Hint. For (c), show that the maps

$$h_{m,i}: \Delta[n]_m \rightarrow \Delta[n]_{m+1}, \quad h_{m,i}(a_0, \dots, a_m) = (0, \dots, 0, a_i, \dots, a_m),$$

define a semisimplicial homotopy from the identity of $\Delta[n]$ to a constant map and use Exercise 6.4. Deduce (d) from (c).

Exercise 7.4 (Geometric realization and products). Consider the canonical map

$$\alpha_{p,q}: |\Delta[p] \times \Delta[q]| \rightarrow |\Delta[p]| \times |\Delta[q]| \cong \Delta^p \times \Delta^q.$$

- (a) Show that $\alpha_{p,q}$ is a homeomorphism for $p = q = 1$ and for $p = 2, q = 1$. (Draw pictures!)
- (b) Assuming the fact that $\alpha_{p,q}$ is a homeomorphism for all p, q , show that the canonical map

$$|X \times Y| \rightarrow |X| \times |Y|$$

is a bijection for all simplicial sets X and Y , and a homeomorphism if X has finitely many nondegenerate simplices.

Hint. If X has finitely many nondegenerate simplices, then $|X|$ is locally compact (see Exercise 6.2). The existence of the exponential $(-)^{|X|}$ in **Top** implies that the functor $(-) \times |X|$ preserves colimits.